Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for COVID-19			
Situation	Patient PPE		
		Room Type	Healthcare worker PPE
Patient with respiratory symptoms (ILI)	Procedure Mask (level 1)	 Droplet and contact isolation (put sign on door) Private room with door closed 	Droplet Precautions • Procedure Mask (level 3¹) OR N95² • Gloves • Gowns • Goggles or Face Shield³
COVID positive patients, PUIs, or those being evaluated for PUI status not receiving aerosol generating procedures* * Aerosolizing procedures include, but are not limited to, intubation, bronchoscopy, BIPAP, CPAP, nebulizer	Procedure Mask (level 1)	 Droplet and contact isolation (put sign on door) Private room with door closed 	Droplet Precautions Procedure Mask (level 3) OR N95 Gloves Gowns Goggles or Face Shield
COVID positive patients, PUIs, or those being evaluated for PUI status receiving aerosol generating procedures* Aerosolizing procedures include, butare not limited to, intubation, bronchoscopy, BIPAP, CPAP, nebulizer4	Upon entering an isolation room with appropriate signage on the door, a patient may remove their mask as long as provider(s) in the room have full airborne precautions (including N95).	 Airborne isolation (sign on door) Alternative based on availability: Private room with door closed 	Airborne Precautions N95 respirator or PAPR Gown, Gloves, Goggles or Face Shield
Pediatric patients undergoing elective intubation or patients undergoing urgent or emergent intubation			 N95 respirator or PAPR Gown, Gloves, Goggles or Face Shield

¹ If Level 3 mask is unavailable, level 2 will suffice

² N-95 respirators are eligible for re-use if needed. Follow guidance.

³ Goggles and face shields are eligible for re-use if needed. Follow guidance.

⁴ Airborne isolation PPE is only needed on patients with aerosolizing procedures. See separate guidance document on Atlas site.